## Genetic Diversity Analysis and Variety Identification for Rice and Sugar Apple Species Using Molecular Markers

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## **Abstract**

In order to identify species and protect the right of breeders, in this study, 8 rice varieties and 11 *Annona* varieties (lines) were used for DNA fingerprinting and assessment of genetic relationship. In rice, 132 SSR (simple sequence repeat) DNA markers were amplified, of which 71 SSR markers were polymorphic among 8 varieties. Above all, RM5055, CH0701, RM310, RM5711, CH0165, RM202, CH0133 and CH1111 markers can be used to effectively identify 8 rice varieties, and to establish the standard operating procedures (SOP). Sixty-nine (75.3%) polymorphic bands amplified by 10 ISSR (inter-simple sequence repeat) DNA primers were detected among Annona varieties (lines). Based on cluster analysis, 11 *Annona* varieties (lines) were divided into three groups including *Annona squamosa*, *Annona squamosa* x *Annona cherimola*, and *Annona cherimola*. It is suggested that both SSR and ISSR DNA markers can be utilized as a tool for genetic diversity analysis and species identification.

**Key words**: Rice, Sugar apple, Genetic analysis, Molecular marker, SSR, ISSR.

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